

Technical Data Sheet MXBON[®] 22698

Revision: EN005

Revision Date: February 12, 2020

15 to 25

10 to 20

15 to 20

<5

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

The Mxbon® 22698 is a low blooming and low odor cyanoacrylate adhesive, and suitable for applications where heat resistance is required. It is specially formulated for the assembly of a variety of plastic, metal and rubbers. It will highly polymerize with moisture in the air for a fast cure and meet the highest industrial standards. Mxbon® 22698 product does not contain solvent and use in demanding applications where exceptional performance characteristics are required. They include resistance to most types of environmental exposures, moderate heat, aging and many different chemicals, as well as high strength and fatigue resistance. Mxbon® 22698 is a single component system and does not require heat, mixing, clamps and the use of a catalyst. When a thin layer of Mxbon® 22698 applied between two surfaces comes into contact with atmospheric moisture, a rapid polymerization occurs producing the ultimate bond strength. It is attractive not only technically but economically.

TYPICAL PROPERTIES OF UNCURED MATERIAL

OF ONCOMED WINTERMALE	
2-Methoxyethyl 2-Cyanoacrylate	
Transparent, colorless to yellowish colored liquid	
Single part – requires no mixing or heating	
1.1	
Moisture	
See SDS	
Bonding	
200,400 (ISO 2404/2405)	
200-400 (ISO 3104/3105)	
-54~150°C (-65~302°F)	
-54~150 C (-05~502 1)	
24	
18 months unopened when stored at	
5-10°C	

^{*}Keep in a cool area out of direct sunlight. Refrigeration to 5°C gives optimum storage stability. When stored in a refrigerator, allow the adhesive to gradually warm to room temperature prior to use. It will prevent condensation inside the bottle which can reduce shelf life. Containers should be tightly sealed when not in use. The shelf-life is 18 months from date of manufacture.

TYPICAL CURING PERFORMANCE

The rate of cure can be affected by temperature, humidity, the smoothness of the surface, the closeness of the surface and specific surfaces being bonded. Although full functional strength is developed in a relatively short time, curing continues for at least 24 hours before full chemical/solvent resistance is developed.

Cure Speed vs. Substrate

The rate of cure will depend on the substrate used. Acidic surfaces such as paper and leather may have longer cure times than most plastics and rubbers. Some plastic with very low surface free energies, such as polyethylene, polypropylene, PTFE and silicone rubber may require the use of a primer. The table below shows the fixture time achieved on different materials at 25°C/50% RH. This is defined as the time to develop shear strength of 0.12 N/mm² (1.2 kgf/cm²) and the strength keeps at least 10 seconds.

Bonding Identical Substrate	Fixture time, seconds		
Mild steel	10 to 20		
Aluminum A5754	10 to 20		
ABS (Acrylonitrile Butadiene Styrene)	10 to 20		
PVC(Polyvinyl chloride)	10 to 15		
PC(Polycarbonate)	20 to 30		
Oak wood	45 to 60		

NBR(Nitrile-Butadiene Rubber) Paper Cure Speed vs. Bond Gap

Pine wood

Beech wood

The rate of cure will depend on the bond line gap. A thinner bond line will give faster polymerization and a strong bond. Large bond gaps will result in a slower cure and lower bond strength. Cartell Activator may be used to increase cure speed.

Cure Speed vs. Activator

Cartell Cyanoacrylate Activators may be used in conjunction with Cartell Cyanoacrylate Adhesive where cure speed needs to be accelerated. Cure speeds of less than 2 seconds can be obtained. The use of an activator may reduce the final bond strength. If bond strength is critical testing on the parts is recommended to measure the effect. When using the activator apply it to one side of the bond and the adhesive to the other.

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE OF CURED MATERIAL Adhesive Properties

Cured for 72 hrs @ 25°C

Lap Shear Strength, ISO 4587/ASTM D1002/JIS K6850

<u> </u>				
Bonding Identical Substrate	kgf/cm ²	N/mm ²	psi	
GBMS (Grit Blasted Mild Steel)	210.1	20.6	2988.3	
Aluminum A5754	71.5	7.0	1017.0	
ABS	88.2	8.6 [*]	1254.5 [*]	
PVC(Polyvinyl chloride)	98.5	9.7	1401.0 [*]	
PC(Polycarbonate)	92.3 [*]	9.1	1312.8 [*]	
NBR(Nitrile-Butadiene Rubber)	7.1	0.7	101.0	

*substrate failure

Important Notice: Strength results will vary depending on the level of surface preparation and gap.

Cured for 72 hrs @ 25°C

Block Tensile Strength, ISO 6922/ASTM D2095/JIS K6849

Bonding Identical Substrate	kgf/cm ²	N/mm ²	psi
Stainless Steel	301.4	29.6	4286.9

Cured for 72 hrs @ 25°C

Side Impact Strength, ASTM D950

Bonding Identical Substrate	kJ/m ²	ft-lb/in ²
Stainless Steel	3-5	1.4-2.4
Aluminum	3-5	1.4-2.4

Cured for 24 hrs @25°C

Physical Properties

Coefficient of Thermal Expansion, ISO 11359-2, mm/mm/K	90 × 10 ⁻⁶
Coefficient of Thermal Conductivity, ISO 8302, W/mK)	0.1
Glass Transition Temperature, ISO 11359-2, ℃	120
Hardness, ISO 868, Shore D	80

Cured for 24 hrs @25°C

Electrical Properties

Dielectric Constant, IEC 60250, @ 10kHz	2.5
Dielectric Breakdown Strength, IEC 60243-1, kV/mm	25
Surface Resistivity, IEC 60093, Ω	5-9 × 10 ¹⁵
Volume Resistivity, IEC 60093, Ωcm	5-9 × 10 ¹⁵
Dielectric Dissipation Factor, IEC 60250, @ 10kHz	< 0.025

TYPICAL ENVIRONMENTTAL RESISTANCE

Cured for 1 week @ 25°C

Lap Shear Strength, ISO 4587/ASTM D1002/JIS K6850 GBMS (Grit Blasted Mild Steel)

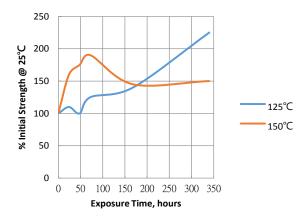
Heat Aging

Aged at temperature indicated and tested @25°C

 MXBON Taiwan
 MXBON China
 MXBON UK
 MXBON Poland
 MXBON India
 MXBON Thailand

 +886-5-2203715
 +86-20-3921-8900
 +44(0)1536-264222
 +48123121212
 +91-83800-71214
 +66-2-1706998





Chemical/Solvent Resistance

Aged under conditions indicated and tested @25°C

		% of initial strength		
Environment	Temp. °C	100 hrs	500 hrs	1000 hrs
Water	25	90	80	70
Ethanol	25	95	90	89
Isopropanol	25	101	102	105
Water/Glycol	25	95	82	80
Unleaded Gasoline	25	98	90	90
Motor Oil	25	100	98	96
98% Relative Humidity	40	85	74	70

Chemical/Solvent Resistance

Aged under conditions indicated and tested @25°C Lap Shear Strength, ISO 4587/ASTM D1002/JIS K6850 PC (Polycarbonate)

	% of initial strength			
Environment	Temp. °C	100	500	1000
Limioiiiieii	remp. C	hrs	hrs	hrs
Air	25	102	99	103
98% Relative Humidity *substrate failure	40	95 [*]	90*	80

GENERAL INFORMATION

Additional information

This product is not recommended for use in contact with strong oxidizing materials and polar solvents although will withstand a solvent wash without any bond strength deterioration. Users are reminded that all materials, whether innocuous or not, should be handled in accordance with the principles of good industrial hygiene. Full information can be obtained from the Safety Data Sheet (SDS).

Directions for use:

- Make sure the surfaces to be bonded are clean, dry and grease-free before applying the adhesive.
- 2) Dispense a drop or drops to one surface only.
- Bring the components to together quickly and correctly aligned.
- Apply sufficient pressure to ensure the adhesive spreads into a thin film.
- 5) Do not disturb or re-align until sufficient strength is achieved, normally in a few seconds.
- 6) Any surplus adhesive can be removed with solvent, such as nitromethane or acetone.
- 7) Because Mxbon® 22698 condenses by polymerization, sometimes blooming will occur on the surface of the container or the bonded materials. Should this happen, wipe surface well with acetone or nitromethane.
- 8) Product should be allowed to develop full strength before

subjecting to any service loads (typically 24 to 72 hours after assembly, depending on bond gap, materials and ambient conditions).

Storage

Keep in a cool area out of direct sunlight. Refrigeration to 5°C gives optimum storage stability. When stored in a refrigerator, allow the adhesive to gradually warm to room temperature prior to use. It will prevent condensation inside the bottle which can reduce shelf life. Containers should be tightly sealed when not in use. Product removed from containers may be contaminated during use. Do not pour back any product to the original container. Misuse of product will void all warrantees. The shelf-life is 18 months from date of manufacture.

PRECAUTIONS

- Use with proper ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eves.
- If contact with skin occurs, rinse with warm water or dissolve gradually with solvent such as acetone or nitromethane. Do not try to remove forcibly.
- 3) If adhesive gets into eye, keep eye open and rinse thoroughly. Seek medical attention immediately.
- 4) Keep well out of reach of children.
- 5) Keep adhesive in a cool, dry location and out of direct sunlight. For long-term storage, refrigeration 5 °C is recommended.
- 6) When take out the product form refrigerator, please allow adhesive to reach room temperature before opening bottle to prevent condensation inside the bottle which can reduce shelf life.

Important Notice:

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